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Calceisporiella W.P. Wu & Y.Z. Diao

Calceisporiella, a monotypic genus, was introduced by Wu & Diao (2022) based on morphological characters and phylogenetic analyses of combined ITS and LSU sequence data. The type species, Calceisporiella sinensis was isolated from dead branches of an unidentified tree in China. This genus produces percurrently proliferating, macronematous, simple, dark brown, thick-walled conidiophores with integrated, terminal, verruculose monophialidic conidiogenous cells with an inconspicuous collarette. Conidia are subglobose to ellipsoidal, 1-celled, hyaline, and thick-walled show one setula inserted laterally at each end. Codinaea and Calceispora morphologically resemble Calceisporiella. In contrast to Calceisporiella, the conidiogenous cells of Codinaea are smooth-walled, mono- or polyphialidic and possess conspicuous collarettes. Also, the conidia of Codinaea spp. are predominantly falcate to lunate and, in the rare cases where they are more or less globose, they show multiple setulae over the conidia (Réblová et al. 2021, Wu & Diao 2022). In addition, Calceispora produces conidiogenous cells similar to those of Calceisporiella, but the conidia show cellular appendages instead of setulae (Sutton 1993, Wang et al. 2017). The sexual morph in this genus has not been recorded. The taxonomic placement of Calceisporiella is in Chaetosphaeriaceae, Chaetosphaeriales, Sordariomycetes, and Ascomycota.

References

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